



Review

# Supplementary Materials: Survival below Zero: Overlooked Aspects of Freezing-Tolerance in Photosynthetic Fern Tissues

Soniya Firoozi <sup>1</sup>, Miren Irati Arzac <sup>1</sup>, José Ignacio García-Plazaola <sup>1</sup>, Luis G. Quintanilla <sup>2</sup> and Beatriz Fernández-Marín <sup>1,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Department Plant Biology and Ecology, University of the Basque Country (UPV/EHU), 48940 Leioa, Spain

<sup>2</sup> Global Change Research Institute (IGC), University Rey Juan Carlos, 28933 Móstoles, Spain

\* Correspondence: Beatriz.fernandezm@ehu.eus

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**Table S1.** Compilation of fern species from which the tolerance to subzero temperature has already been tested in the literature in green tissues (either sporophyte, gametophyte or chlorophyllous spore). The parameter/approach used to estimate tolerance to subzero temperature, as well as the country and the original reference are specified.

| Species                                         | Tissue (Spore, Gametophyte or Leaf) | Below-Zero Temperature Tested (°C) | Measured Parameters                                                                                                                            | Country     | Reference                    |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| <i>Adiantum capillus-veneris</i> (Pteridaceae)  | Sporophyte                          | −7                                 | Freezing tolerance, ice nucleation temperature and ice expansion pattern “Measuring chlorophyll fluorescence and pigment compositions (Fv/Fm)” | Austria     | Fernández-Marín et al., 2021 |
| <i>Adiantum pedatum</i> (Pteridaceae)           | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte           | −40<br>−10                         | Frost resistance<br>“Regreening of the whole leaf, 3 weeks after thawing” for the sporophyte                                                   | Japan       | Sato & Sakai, 1981           |
| <i>Alsophila smithii</i> (Cyatheaceae)          | Sporophyte                          | −4.2                               | Frost tolerance<br>Experimental Methods and Assessment of Damage Severity                                                                      | New Zealand | Bannister, 2003              |
| <i>Alsophila smithii</i> (Cyatheaceae)          | Sporophyte                          | −4.2                               | Frost tolerance<br>“Evaluation of leaf damage after 4 weeks of exposure to frost”                                                              | New Zealand | Warrington & Stanley, 1987   |
| <i>Angiopteris helferiana</i> (Marattiaceae)    | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte           | −3<br>−3                           | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                                                                  | Japan       | Sato, 1982                   |
| <i>Arachniodes mutica</i> (Dryopteridaceae)     | Gametophyte                         | −40                                | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                                                                  | Japan       | Sato, 1982                   |
| <i>Arachniodes standishii</i> (Dryopteridaceae) | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte           | −20<br>−7 to −12.5                 | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                                                                  | Japan       | Sato, 1982                   |
| <i>Asplenium ceterach</i> (Aspleniaceae)        | Sporophyte                          | −7                                 | Freezing tolerance, ice nucleation temperature and ice expansion pattern “Measuring chlorophyll fluorescence and pigment compositions (Fv/Fm)” | Austria     | Fernández-Marín et al., 2021 |



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|                                                   |                           |              |                                                                                                                                                                                         |             |                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| <i>Asplenium laciniatum</i><br>(Aspleniaceae)     | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −20<br>−12.5 | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                                                                        | Japan       | Sato, 1982                      |
| <i>Asplenium incisum</i><br>(Aspleniaceae)        | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −5 to −20    | Freezing resistance<br>“Regreening of the whole<br>leaf, 3 weeks after thawing”<br>for the sporophyte                                                                                   | Japan       | Sato & Sakai, 1981              |
| <i>Asplenium incisum</i><br>(Aspleniaceae)        | Gametophyte               | −40          | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                                                                        | Japan       | Sato, 1982                      |
| <i>Asplenium septentrionale</i><br>(Aspleniaceae) | Gametophyte               | −10          | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated through<br>plasma resistance in<br>sporophytes”                                                                                                | Germany     | Kappen, 1964                    |
| <i>Asplenium septentrionale</i><br>(Aspleniaceae) | Sporophyte                | −23          | frost damage, survival<br>“Through linear regression<br>analysis, calculation of total<br>leaf area”                                                                                    | Netherlands | Bremer & Jongejans,<br>2010     |
| <i>Asplenium septentrionale</i><br>(Aspleniaceae) | Sporophyte                | −10          | frost resistance<br>“Through the extraction of<br>fatty acids (FAs) from lipids<br>in the leaves.”                                                                                      | Russia      | Voronkov & Ivanova,<br>2022     |
| <i>Asplenium septentrionale</i><br>(Aspleniaceae) | Sporophyte                | −7           | Freezing tolerance, ice<br>nucleation temperature and<br>ice expansion pattern<br>“Measuring chlorophyll<br>fluorescence and pigment<br>compositions (F <sub>v</sub> /F <sub>m</sub> )” | Austria     | Fernández-Marín et al.,<br>2021 |
| <i>Asplenium scolopendrium</i><br>(Aspleniaceae)  | Gametophyte               | −40          | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                                                                        | Japan       | Sato, 1982                      |
| <i>Asplenium scolopendrium</i><br>(Aspleniaceae)  | Sporophyte                | −14.8        | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated through<br>plasma resistance in<br>sporophytes”                                                                                                | Germany     | Kappen, 1964                    |
| <i>Asplenium trichomanes</i><br>(Aspleniaceae)    | Sporophyte                | −7           | Freezing tolerance, ice<br>nucleation temperature and<br>ice expansion pattern<br>“Measuring chlorophyll<br>fluorescence and pigment<br>compositions (F <sub>v</sub> /F <sub>m</sub> )” | Austria     | Fernández-Marín et al.,<br>2021 |
| <i>Asplenium trichomanes</i><br>(Aspleniaceae)    | Sporophyte                | −11          | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated through<br>plasma resistance in<br>sporophytes”                                                                                                | Germany     | Kappen, 1964                    |
| <i>Asplenium trichomanes</i><br>(Aspleniaceae)    | Gametophyte               | −10 to −21   | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>gametophyte’s capacity to<br>grow”                                                                                                       | Germany     | Kappen, 1965                    |
| <i>Asplenium ruta-muraria</i><br>(Aspleniaceae)   | Sporophyte                | −10          | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated through<br>plasma resistance in<br>sporophytes”                                                                                                | Germany     | Kappen, 1964                    |
| <i>Asplenium platyneuron</i><br>(Aspleniaceae)    | Gametophyte               | −12 to −23   | Frost resistance<br>“Survival through<br>experimental cultures of<br>prothalli”                                                                                                         | USA         | Pickett, 1914                   |
| <i>Asplenium bulbiferum</i><br>(Aspleniaceae)     | Sporophyte                | −6           | Frost resistance<br>Experimental Methods and<br>Assessment of Damage<br>Severity                                                                                                        | New Zealand | Bannister, 2003                 |

|                                                |                           |                  |                                                                                                                                         |             |                            |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| <i>Asplenium flaccidum</i><br>(Aspleniaceae)   | Sporophyte                | −6.5             | Frost resistance<br>Experimental Methods and<br>Assessment of Damage<br>Severity                                                        | New Zealand | Bannister, 2003            |
| <i>Asplenium radicans</i><br>(Aspleniaceae)    | Gametophyte               | −12 to −23       | Frost resistance<br>“Survival through<br>experimental cultures of<br>prothalli”                                                         | USA         | Pickett, 1914              |
| <i>Athyrium vidalii</i><br>(Athyriaceae)       | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −40<br>−5 to −20 | freezing resistance<br>“Regreening of the whole<br>leaf, 3weeks after thawing”<br>for the sporophyte                                    | Japan       | Sato & Sakai, 1981         |
| <i>Athyrium filix-femina</i><br>(Athyriaceae)  | Sporophyte                | −2 to −3         | Frost Resistance<br>“Through observations”                                                                                              | UK          | Bannister, 1973            |
| <i>Athyrium filix-femina</i><br>(Athyriaceae)  | Gametophyte               | −10 to −21       | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>gametophyte’s capacity to<br>grow”                                                       | Germany     | Kappen,1965                |
| <i>Athyrium yokoscense</i><br>(Athyriaceae)    | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −40<br>−5 to −20 | Freezing resistance<br>“Regreening of the whole<br>leaf, 3weeks after thawing”<br>for the sporophyte                                    | Japan       | Sato & Sakai, 1981         |
| <i>Athyrium yokoscense</i><br>(Athyriaceae)    | Gametophyte               | −40              | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                        | Japan       | Sato, 1982                 |
| <i>Athyrium niponicum</i><br>(Athyriaceae)     | Gametophyte               | −40              | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                        | Japan       | Sato, 1982                 |
| <i>Athyrium vidalii</i><br>(Athyriaceae)       | Gametophyte               | −30              | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                        | Japan       | Sato, 1982                 |
| <i>Blechnum spicant</i><br>(Blechnaceae)       | Sporophyte                | −5 to −8.7       | Frost Resistance<br>“Through observations”                                                                                              | UK          | Bannister, 1973            |
| <i>Blechnum spicant</i><br>(Blechnaceae)       | Sporophyte                | −25              | Frost resistance<br>“Through saturated humidity”                                                                                        | Germany     | Kappen,1966                |
| <i>Blechnum spicant</i><br>(Blechnaceae)       | Sporophyte                | −19.5            | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated through<br>plasma resistance in<br>sporophytes”                                                | Germany     | Kappen,1964                |
| <i>Blechnum chambersii</i><br>(Blechnaceae)    | Sporophyte                | −3.2             | Frost resistance<br>Experimental Methods and<br>Assessment of Damage<br>Severity                                                        | New Zealand | Bannister, 2003            |
| <i>Blechnum discolor</i><br>(Blechnaceae)      | Sporophyte                | −8.6             | Frost resistance<br>Experimental Methods and<br>Assessment of Damage<br>Severity                                                        | New Zealand | Bannister, 2003            |
| <i>Blechnum penna-marina</i><br>(Blechnaceae)  | Sporophyte                | −5 to −7<br>−20  | Frost Resistance<br>“Through short-term exposure<br>to low and high temperatures”                                                       | New Zealand | Bannister & Fagan,<br>1989 |
| <i>Blechnum penna-marina</i><br>(Blechnaceae)  | Sporophyte                | −5 to −7<br>−20  | Frost Resistance<br>“Quantification of the<br>relationship between damage<br>and exposure temperature to<br>cold using probit analysis” | New Zealand | Bannister, 1984a           |
| <i>Blechnum procerum</i><br>(Blechnaceae)      | Sporophyte                | −5.8             | Frost resistance<br>Experimental Methods and<br>Assessment of Damage<br>Severity                                                        | New Zealand | Bannister, 2003            |
| <i>Cyrtomium falcatum</i><br>(Dryopteridaceae) | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −30<br>−15       | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                        | Japan       | Sato, 1982                 |

|                                                   |                           |                  |                                                                                                                                        |             |                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| <i>Cystopteris fragilis</i><br>(Cystopteridaceae) | Gametophyte               | −40              | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                       | Japan       | Sato, 1982                      |
| <i>Cystopteris fragilis</i><br>(Cystopteridaceae) | Gametophyte               | −10 to −21       | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>gametophyte’s capacity to<br>grow”                                                      | Germany     | Kappen, 1965                    |
| <i>Davallia tasmanii</i><br>(Davalliaceae)        | Sporophyte                | −5               | Frost Resistance<br>“Quantification of the<br>relationship between damage<br>and exposure temperature to<br>cold using probit analysis | New Zealand | Bannister, 1984b                |
| <i>Deparia pterorachis</i><br>(Athyriaceae)       | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −40<br>−5 to −20 | freezing resistance<br>“Regreening of the whole<br>leaf, 3 weeks after thawing”<br>for the sporophyte                                  | Japan       | Sato & Sakai, 1981              |
| <i>Deparia pterorachis</i><br>(Athyriaceae)       | Gametophyte               | −30              | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                       | Japan       | Sato, 1982                      |
| <i>Dicksonia fibrosa</i><br>(Dicksoniaceae)       | Sporophyte                | −8 to −11        | Frost tolerance<br>Experimental Methods and<br>Assessment of Damage<br>Severity                                                        | New Zealand | Bannister, 2003                 |
| <i>Dicksonia fibrosa</i><br>(Dicksoniaceae)       | Sporophyte                | −8 to −11        | Frost tolerance<br>“Evaluation of leaf damage<br>after 4 weeks of exposure to<br>frost”                                                | New Zealand | Warrington and Stanley,<br>1987 |
| <i>Dicksonia squarrosa</i><br>(Dicksoniaceae)     | Sporophyte                | −6.5             | Frost tolerance<br>Experimental Methods and<br>Assessment of Damage<br>Severity                                                        | New Zealand | Bannister 2003                  |
| <i>Diplazium squamigerum</i><br>(Athyriaceae)     | Gametophyte               | −40              | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                       | Japan       | Sato, 1982                      |
| <i>Dryopteris samurensis</i><br>(Dryopteridaceae) | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −40<br>−5 to −20 | Freezing resistance<br>“Regreening of the whole<br>leaf, 3 weeks after thawing”<br>for the sporophyte                                  | Japan       | Sato & Sakai, 1981              |
| <i>Dryopteris amurensis</i><br>(Dryopteridaceae)  | Gametophyte               | −40              | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                       | Japan       | Sato, 1982                      |
| <i>Dryopteris laeta</i><br>(Dryopteridaceae)      | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −40<br>−5 to −20 | Freezing resistance<br>“Regreening of the whole<br>leaf, 3 weeks after thawing”<br>for the sporophyte                                  | Japan       | Sato & Sakai, 1981              |
| <i>Dryopteris laeta</i><br>(Dryopteridaceae)      | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −40<br>−5 to −20 | Freezing resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                    | Japan       | Sato, 1982                      |
| <i>Dryopteris monticola</i><br>(Dryopteridaceae)  | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −40<br>−5 to −20 | Freezing resistance<br>“Regreening of the whole<br>leaf, 3 weeks after thawing”<br>for the sporophyte                                  | Japan       | Sato & Sakai, 1981              |
| <i>Dryopteris intermedia</i><br>(Dryopteridaceae) | Sporophyte                | −10              | Photosynthetic Capacity and<br>Leaf Reorientation                                                                                      | USA         | Noodén & Wagner,<br>1997        |
| <i>Dryopteris intermedia</i><br>(Dryopteridaceae) | Sporophyte                | −3 to −7.2       | Survival<br>“Investigating the Softening<br>of Stipe for Evolutionary<br>Adaptation”                                                   | USA         | Tessier, 2018                   |
| <i>Dryopteris filix-mas</i><br>(Dryopteridaceae)  | Sporophyte                | −5 to −11        | Frost Resistance<br>“Quantification of the<br>relationship between damage                                                              | New Zealand | Bannister, 1984                 |

| and exposure temperature to cold using probit analysis |                           |                    |                                                                                                 |         |                    |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|--------------------|
| <i>Dryopteris filix-mas</i> (Dryopteridaceae)          | Sporophyte                | −5 to −8.7         | Frost Resistance<br>“Through observations”                                                      | UK      | Bannister, 1973    |
| <i>Dryopteris filix-mas</i> (Dryopteridaceae)          | Sporophyte                | −13.8              | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated through plasma resistance in sporophytes”              | Germany | Kappen, 1964       |
| <i>Dryopteris filix-mas</i> (Dryopteridaceae)          | Sporophyte                | −18                | Frost resistance<br>“Through saturated humidity”                                                | Germany | Kappen, 1966       |
| <i>Dryopteris dilatata</i> (Dryopteridaceae)           | Sporophyte                | −5 to −7.7         | Frost Resistance<br>“Through observations”                                                      | UK      | Bannister, 1973    |
| <i>Dryopteris</i> sp. (Dryopteridaceae)                | Sporophyte                | −15.5              | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated through plasma resistance in sporophytes”              | Germany | Kappen, 1964       |
| <i>Dryopteris crassirhizoma</i> (Dryopteridaceae)      | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −40<br>−5 to −20   | Frost resistance<br>“Regreening of the whole leaf, 3 weeks after thawing” for the sporophyte    | Japan   | Sato & Sakai, 1981 |
| <i>Dryopteris crassirhizoma</i> (Dryopteridaceae)      | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −40<br>−5 to −20   | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                   | Japan   | Sato, 1982         |
| <i>Dryopteris monticola</i> (Dryopteridaceae)          | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −40<br>−10         | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                   | Japan   | Sato, 1982         |
| <i>Dryopteris austriaca</i> (Dryopteridaceae)          | Gametophyte               | −40                | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                   | Japan   | Sato, 1982         |
| <i>Dryopteris sabaei</i> (Dryopteridaceae)             | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −40<br>−5 to −20   | Freezing resistance<br>“Regreening of the whole leaf, 3 weeks after thawing” for the sporophyte | Japan   | Sato & Sakai, 1981 |
| <i>Dryopteris sabaei</i> (Dryopteridaceae)             | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −40<br>−5 to −20   | Freezing resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                | Japan   | Sato, 1982         |
| <i>Dryopteris sichotensis</i> (Dryopteridaceae)        | Gametophyte               | −40                | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                   | Japan   | Sato, 1982         |
| <i>Dryopteris fragrans</i> (Dryopteridaceae)           | Gametophyte               | −40                | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                   | Japan   | Sato, 1982         |
| <i>Dryopteris erythrosora</i> (Dryopteridaceae)        | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −12.5 to −15<br>−7 | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                   | Japan   | Sato, 1982         |
| <i>Dryopteris lacera</i> Kuntze. (Dryopteridaceae)     | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −20<br>−12.5       | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                   | Japan   | Sato, 1982         |
| <i>Dryopteris dilatata</i> (Dryopteridaceae)           | Sporophyte                | −10.3              | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated through plasma resistance in sporophytes”              | Germany | (Kappen, 1964)     |
| <i>Dryopteris dilatata</i> (Dryopteridaceae)           | Gametophyte               | −10 to −21         | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as gametophyte’s capacity to grow”                     | Germany | Kappen, 1965       |
| <i>Dryopteris dilatata</i> (Dryopteridaceae)           | Sporophyte                | −20                | Frost resistance<br>“Through saturated humidity”                                                | Germany | Kappen, 1966       |
| <i>Equisetum arvense</i> (Equisetaceae)                | Spore                     | −20                | Survival<br>“Calculation of spores Germination Percentage After Treatment”                      | Japan   | Kato, 1976         |

|                                                      |                           |                |                                                                                                                                            |             |                                 |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| <i>Equisetum hyemale</i><br>(Equisetaceae)           | Spore                     | −70            | Survival<br>“Assessment of spores<br>Germination Rate After<br>Thawing”                                                                    | US          | Whittier, 1996                  |
| <i>Equisetum ramosissimum</i><br>(Equisetaceae)      | Spore                     | −25 to −196    | Survival<br>“Evaluation of Spore<br>Germination Percentage after<br>24 Months of Dry Storage at<br>Different Temperatures”                 | UK<br>Spain | Ballesteros et al., 2011        |
| <i>Equisetum variegatum</i><br>(Equisetaceae)        | Sporophyte                | −46.7          | Frost tolerance<br>“Analysis of Lipid<br>Composition and Fatty Acids<br>During the Cold Period”                                            | Russia      | Nokhsorov et al., 2021          |
| <i>Equisetum variegatum</i><br>(Equisetaceae)        | Sporophyte                | −18.3 to −46.7 | Frost tolerance<br>“Qualitative and quantitative<br>analysis and the ratio of<br>photosynthetic pigments in<br>sporophytes during winter.” | Russia      | Petrov et al., 2010             |
| <i>Equisetum scirpoides</i><br>(Equisetaceae)        | Sporophyte                | −42.2          | Frost tolerance<br>“Qualitative and quantitative<br>analysis and the ratio of<br>photosynthetic pigments in<br>sporophytes during winter.” | Russia      | Petrov et al., 2010             |
| <i>Equisetum scirpoides</i><br>(Equisetaceae)        | Sporophyte                | −46.7          | Frost tolerance<br>“Analysis of Lipid<br>Composition and Fatty Acids<br>During the Cold Period”                                            | Russia      | Nokhsorov et al., 2021          |
| <i>Gymnocarpium dryopteris</i><br>(Cystopteridaceae) | Gametophyte               | −10 to −21     | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>gametophyte’s capacity to<br>grow”                                                          | Germany     | Kappen, 1965                    |
| <i>Histiopteris incisa</i><br>(Dennstaedtiaceae)     | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −3<br>−3       | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                           | Japan       | Sato, 1982                      |
| <i>Histiopteris incisa</i><br>(Dennstaedtiaceae)     | Sporophyte                | −6.6           | Frost resistance<br>Experimental Methods and<br>Assessment of Damage<br>Severity                                                           | New Zealand | Bannister, 2003                 |
| <i>Lepisorus thunbergianus</i><br>(Polypodiaceae)    | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −30<br>−20     | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                           | Japan       | Sato, 1982                      |
| <i>Odontosoria chinensis</i><br>(Lindsaeaceae)       | Gametophyte               | −20            | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as<br>capacity to grow”                                                                           | Japan       | Sato, 1982                      |
| <i>Osmunda regalis</i><br>(Osmundaceae)              | Spore                     | −20            | Survival<br>“Investigating the germination<br>percentage of chlorophyllous<br>spores after one month of<br>storage”                        | Italy       | Magrini S & Scoppola<br>A, 2012 |
| <i>Osmunda regalis</i><br>(Osmundaceae)              | Spore                     | −25 to −196    | Survival<br>“Evaluation of Spore<br>Germination Percentage after<br>24 Months of Dry Storage at<br>Different Temperatures”                 | UK<br>Spain | Ballesteros et al., 2011        |
| <i>Osmunda japonica</i><br>(Osmundaceae)             | Spore                     | −18            | Survival<br>“Determination of spore<br>germination percentage after<br>each storage period”                                                | China       | Li & Shi, 2014                  |
| <i>Phegopteris connectilis</i><br>(Thelypteridaceae) | Sporophyte                | −3.7 to −6     | Frost Resistance<br>“Through observations”                                                                                                 | UK          | Bannister, 1973                 |
| <i>Phymatosorus pustulatus</i>                       | Sporophyte                | −5 to −8       | Frost Resistance                                                                                                                           | New Zealand | Bannister, 1984a                |

|                                                       |                           |                           |                                                                                                                                                                             |                          |                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| (Polypodiaceae)                                       |                           |                           | “Quantification of the relationship between damage and exposure temperature to cold using probit analysis”                                                                  |                          |                              |
| <i>Polypodium vulgare</i> (Polypodiaceae)             | Sporophyte                | −7                        | Freezing tolerance, ice nucleation temperature and ice expansion pattern<br>“Measuring chlorophyll fluorescence and pigment compositions (F <sub>v</sub> /F <sub>m</sub> )” | Austria                  | Fernández-Marín et al., 2021 |
| <i>Polypodium vulgare</i> (Polypodiaceae)             | Sporophyte                | −18                       | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated through plasma resistance in sporophytes”                                                                                          | Germany                  | Kappen, 1964                 |
| <i>Polypodium vulgare</i> (Polypodiaceae)             | Gametophyte               | −10                       | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as gametophyte’s capacity to grow”                                                                                                 | Germany                  | Kappen, 1965                 |
| <i>Polypodium vulgare</i> (Polypodiaceae)             | Sporophyte                | −18                       | Frost resistance (Saturated humidity)                                                                                                                                       | Germany                  | Kappen, 1966                 |
| <i>Polypodium vulgare</i> (Polypodiaceae)             | Sporophyte                | nd                        | Freezing resistance<br>“By examining the abundance and seasonal growth patterns”                                                                                            | Ireland, France, Germany | Klinghardt & Zotz, 2021      |
| <i>Polypodium interjectum</i> (Polypodiaceae)         | Sporophyte                | nd                        | Freezing resistance<br>“By examining the abundance and seasonal growth patterns”                                                                                            | Ireland, France, Germany | Klinghardt & Zotz, 2021      |
| <i>Polypodium cambricum</i> (Polypodiaceae)           | Sporophyte                | nd                        | Freezing resistance<br>“By examining the abundance and seasonal growth patterns”                                                                                            | Ireland, France, Germany | Klinghardt & Zotz, 2021      |
| <i>Polypodium cambricum</i> (Polypodiaceae)           | Sporophyte                | −7                        | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated through plasma resistance in sporophytes”                                                                                          | Germany                  | Kappen, 1964                 |
| <i>Polystichum vestitum</i> (Dryopteridaceae)         | Sporophyte                | −5 to −7                  | Frost resistance<br>“Quantification of the relationship between damage and exposure temperature to cold using probit analysis”                                              | New Zealand              | Bannister, 1984a             |
| <i>Polystichum neozelandicum</i> (Dryopteridaceae)    | Sporophyte                | −6                        | Frost resistance<br>Experimental Methods and Assessment of Damage Severity                                                                                                  | New Zealand              | Bannister, 2003              |
| <i>Polystichum acrostichoides</i> (Dryopteridaceae)   | Sporophyte                | −10                       | Photosynthetic Capacity and Leaf Reorientation                                                                                                                              | USA                      | Noodén & Wagner, 1997        |
| <i>Polystichum retrosopaleaceum</i> (Dryopteridaceae) | Gametophyte               | −40                       | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                                                                                               | Japan                    | Sato, 1982                   |
| <i>Polystichum tripterum</i> (Dryopteridaceae)        | Gametophyte               | −40                       | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                                                                                               | Japan                    | Sato, 1982                   |
| <i>Polystichum braunii</i> (Dryopteridaceae)          | Gametophyte               | −40                       | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                                                                                               | Japan                    | Sato, 1982                   |
| <i>Polystichum retrosopaleaceum</i> (Dryopteridaceae) | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −40<br>−5 to −20          | Freezing resistance<br>“Regreening of the whole leaf, 3 weeks after thawing” for the sporophyte                                                                             | Japan                    | Sato & Sakai, 1981           |
| <i>Polystichum retrosopaleaceum</i> (Dryopteridaceae) | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −70 to −196<br>−15 to −20 | Freezing resistance<br>“Regreening of the whole leaf, 3 weeks after thawing” for the sporophyte                                                                             | Japan                    | Sato & Sakai, 1980           |
| <i>Polystichum braunii</i>                            | Gametophyte               | −40                       | Freezing resistance                                                                                                                                                         | Japan                    | Sato & Sakai, 1981           |

|                                                      |                           |            |                                                                                                                  |             |                 |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| (Dryopteridaceae)                                    | Sporophyte                | −5 to −20  | “Regreening of the whole leaf, 3 weeks after thawing”<br>for the sporophyte<br>Frost resistance                  |             |                 |
| <i>Polystichum aculeatum</i><br>(Dryopteridaceae)    | Sporophyte                | −13.6      | “Survival, estimated through plasma resistance in sporophytes”                                                   | Germany     | Kappen, 1964    |
| <i>Pteridium aquilinum</i><br>(Dennstaedtiaceae)     | Sporophyte                | −3.5 to −4 | Frost Resistance<br>“Through observations”                                                                       | UK          | Bannister, 1973 |
| <i>Pteridium aquilinum</i><br>(Dennstaedtiaceae)     | Sporophyte                | −2 to −5   | Frost resistance<br>“Through saturated humidity”                                                                 | Germany     | Kappen, 1966    |
| <i>Pteridium esculentum</i><br>(Dennstaedtiaceae)    | Sporophyte                | −6         | Frost resistance<br>Experimental Methods and Assessment of Damage Severity                                       | New Zealand | Bannister, 2003 |
| <i>Pteris cretica</i><br>(Pteridaceae)               | Gametophyte               | −15        | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                                    | Japan       | Sato, 1982      |
| <i>Pteris multifida</i><br>(Pteridaceae)             | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −7<br>−5   | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                                    | Japan       | Sato, 1982      |
| <i>Pteris dispar</i><br>(Pteridaceae)                | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −7<br>−5   | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                                    | Japan       | Sato, 1982      |
| <i>Pteris vittata</i><br>(Pteridaceae)               | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −5<br>−3   | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                                    | Japan       | Sato, 1982      |
| <i>Struthiopteris niponica</i><br>(Blechnaceae)      | Sporophyte                | −20        | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                                    | Japan       | Sato, 1982      |
| <i>Thelypteris pozoi</i><br>(Thelypteridaceae)       | Gametophyte               | −20        | Frost resistance<br>“Survival, estimated as capacity to grow”                                                    | Japan       | Sato, 1982      |
| <i>Thelypteris limbosperma</i><br>(Thelypteridaceae) | Sporophyte                | −2.5 to −3 | Frost Resistance<br>“Through observations”                                                                       | UK          | Bannister, 1973 |
| <i>Vittaria lineata</i><br>(Pteridaceae)             | Gametophyte<br>Sporophyte | −10        | Frost tolerance, Survival<br>“Habitat and Distribution Analysis with Morphological and Physiological Assessment” | USA         | Farrar, 1978    |

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